

Tree Leaf Terminology

Circle the features

Name

block

Leaf A _____

Compound/Simple Lobed/Entire Toothed/Smooth/Wavy Palmate/Pinnate veins Oval/Fan-shaped

Leaf B _____

Compound/Simple Lobed/Entire Toothed/Smooth/Wavy Palmate/Pinnate veins Oval/Fan-shaped

Leaf C _____

Compound/Simple Lobed/Entire Toothed/Smooth/Wavy Palmate/Pinnate veins Oval/Fan-shaped

Leaf D _____ (btw, that's a whole branch of the leaves)

Compound/Simple Lobed/Entire Toothed/Smooth/Wavy Palmate/Pinnate veins Oval/Fan-shaped

Leaf E _____

Compound/Simple Lobed/Entire Toothed/Smooth/Wavy Palmate/Pinnate veins Oval/Fan-shaped

1. Basic structure

- a. Leaf is compound ----- Hickory
- b. Leaf is simple ----- go to 2

2. Edge

- a. Edge is lobed ----- go to 3
- b. Edge is entire ----- go to 4

3. Veins

- a. Palmate veins ----- Maple
- b. Pinnate veins ----- Oak

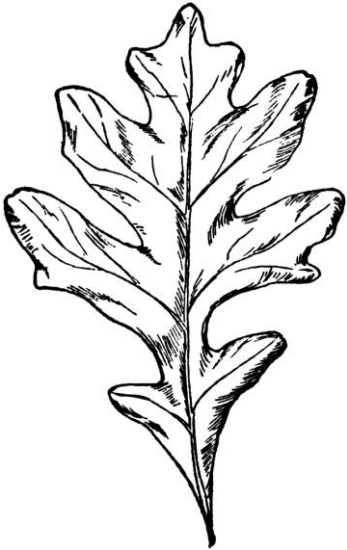
4. Margin

- a. Margin is smooth ----- a whole branch of those maddeningly oval leaves = MOL
(maybe an Osage Orange or just some generic leaves that an artist drew without really knowing)
- b. Margin is wavy ----- go to 5

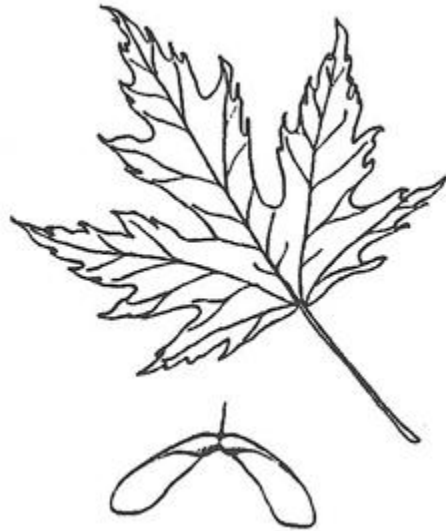
5. Shape

- a. Fan shaped, including the veins - - - Gingko

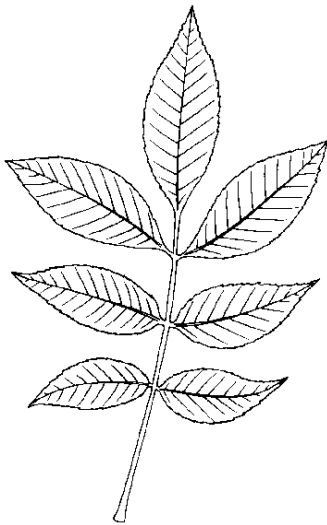
Tree Leaf Terminology - Leaf drawings



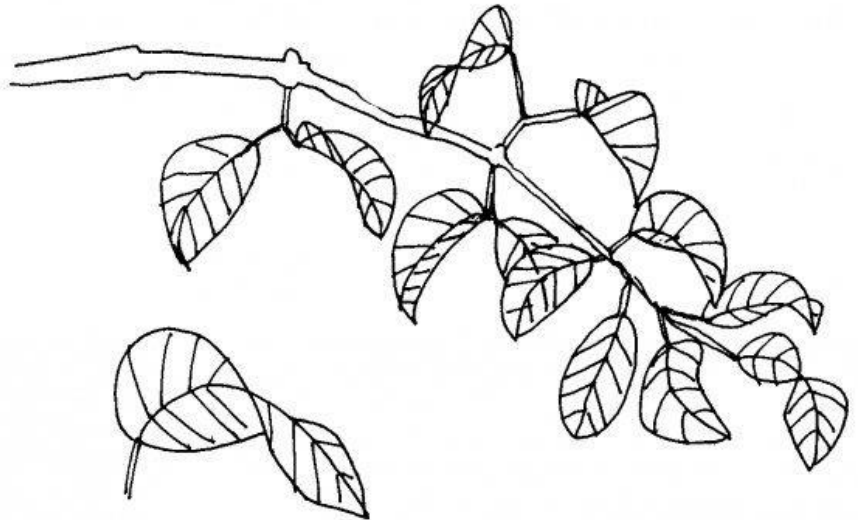
A:



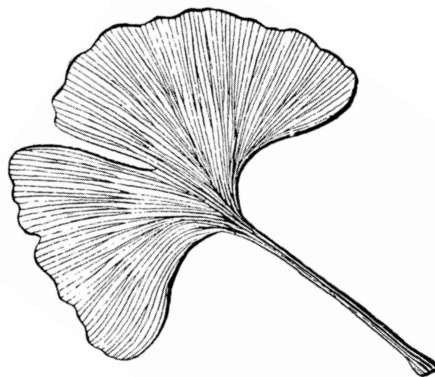
B:



C:



D:



E: