# RVARD FOREST HARVARD UNIVERSITY

Established 1907 Long Term Ecological Research Site since 1988

\_\_\_\_\_

Teacher Developed Lessons and Documents that integrate Harvard Forest Schoolyard Ecology Themes into curriculum



 Lesson Title: Making Sense of Data; Exploring the Harvard Forest Tree Study Data Base

Teacher/Author: Jane Lucia

- School: Williston Northampton School
- Level: Middle School-Grade 7
- Date: April 3, 2014

Making Sense of Data	Name
Exploring Harvard Forest Tree Study Data Base	Date

Buds, Leaves, and Global Warming: <a href="http://harvardforest.fas.harvard.edu/research-projects">http://harvardforest.fas.harvard.edu/research-projects</a>

Congratulations! Your fall tree data has been published on the Harvard Forest website, available for other students and scientists to use.

#### Part 1: Exploring data from our campus

Use the questions below to help you interpret the large amount of data we collected this fall from all of our trees.

To look at our campus data only, go to the **Harvard Forest link above**. Click on our specific project: Buds, Leaves and Global Warming>Data>Fall Phenology, Download Data> Fall Phenology. In the text boxes, select Williston Northampton School, Lucia, Start Date: 9/1/2013, End date: 12/31/2013

Use the sort functions to order by <u>Date</u> , <u>Tree ID</u> or <u>Species</u> . Then interpret the data to answer the following questions.
1. Which of our tree species started to turn color first?
2. Which tree species turned 76%-100% colored first?
3. Which tree species turned full color last?
4. Which date is the most common for 50% leaf drop?
5. Which species lost most of its leaves last?
6. How does the end of your tree's growing season compare to that for the other trees?
7. What does the data suggest about the relationship between the timing of leaf color change and leaf drop?
8. Write another curiosity question you have from looking at the data.
Part 2: Exploring data from All Schools
Go back to the download data menu and select <i>All Schools</i> . Input the same Start and End dates for the fall season (9/1/2013, 12/31/2013). Sort by <b>Species</b> . Find all of the trees that are the same species as your tree. Record the information in the following chart to help you answer the question:
How does the data I collected for my tree species' "end of the growing season" compare with others data for the same species?

Note: For each tree of the species, you will record only one row of data; the one that shows the end of

My tree species is \_\_\_\_\_\_ HF code: \_\_\_\_\_

the growing season for that tree (50% leaf drop).

### Fall 2013 data for this species around Massachusetts

End of Growing season (50% leaf drop)	total	leaves	Change
(50% leaf dron)			Change
(30% icai arop)		fallen	
-	(6000162000)		

What conclusions can you make about the timing of the end of this year's growing season for your tree species? (Is the "end of the growing season" date the same for each of the trees? If not, how different are the dates?)

You can learn more about the timing of your tree species by finding out where the other schools are located. At the top of the data chart, **click on "school code"** in the list following the words "order by". Where are the schools located that have recorded data for your tree species?

Use the addresses to locate the schools on Google Earth. Have fun learning what you can about where the trees are growing. Make some inferences as to why the leaf drop dates are similar or different. Zi think you will find this link to an interactive school map also very helpful.

 $\frac{\text{http://maps.google.com/maps/ms?vps=2\&hl=en\&ie=UTF8\&oe=UTF8\&msa=0\&msid=202559132595606621364.0}{004ce11874400c01d4c6}$ 

## Part 3: Exploring data from Spring Phenology and from past years

What is the length of the growing season for your research tree?

What additional information do you need to calculate the length of the growing season for your tree?

Use your experience so far with the database to find the spring data for our research trees. Once you find the data set, it will help you to know that the operational definition for the "beginning of the growing season" is when 50% of the buds are open. (Do you recognize a pattern?!)

Use the sort function to help you make meaning of this data set. Record the date for the start of your tree's growing season in the chart. Fill in the remaining information you need to calculate the length of the growing season. (Find a Julian calendar at: <a href="http://www-air.larc.nasa.gov/tools/jday.htm">http://www-air.larc.nasa.gov/tools/jday.htm</a>)

Tree Species:					
Calendar date	Julian Day	Calculate the length of the			
Start of the season		growing season			
End of the season					

#### Part 4: The test!

If you have successfully completed the three sections, you have found meaning in a large set of data! Write two more curiosity questions that you think could be answered by sorting and interpreting the data in this data base.

Choose one of your questions as your test question. Use the data base and the links included in this activity to answer your question. Show how you arrive at your answer by making a chart and writing a paragraph.